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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/039,289	01/04/2002	Gilbert Wolrich	10559-612001/P12851	8345
20985	7590 11/18/2004		EXAM	INER
FISH & RICHARDSON, PC 12390 EL CAMINO REAL			CHANNAVAJJAI	LA, SRIRAMA T
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			2164	

DATE MAILED: 11/18/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/039,289	WOLRICH ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Srirama Channavajjala	2164			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address			
A SH THE - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed O) days will be considered timely. From the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Au	<u>ugust 2004</u> .	,			
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ according	epted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)[Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Appl ity documents have been red u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage			
2) Notice	t (s) se of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) sr No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/28/04</u> .	Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

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Response to Amendment

- 1. Claims 1-30 are pending in this application.
- 2. Examiner acknowledges applicant's amendment filed on 8/12/2004.
- 3. In view of applicant's amendment to claim 20, the objection to the claim 20 as set forth in the previous office action is hereby withdrawn.
- 4. In view of applicant's submitted arguments [see page 10-11], the rejection of claims 1-25 under 35 USC 101 set forth in the previous office action is hereby withdrawn
- 5. In view of applicant's filed "Terminal Disclaimer under 37 CFR 3.73(b) and 1.32(b), the non statutory double patenting rejection set forth in the previous office action is hereby withdrawn.

Drawings

6. Examiner acknowledges applicant filed drawings are acceptable for examination, and in view of applicant's amendment to the figs 2-4, the objection to the drawings set forth in the previous office action is hereby withdrawn.

Information Disclosure Statement

7. The electronic information disclosure statement (eIDS) submitted on 28 June 2004 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner, a copy of electronic information disclosure statement [1-7 pages] enclosed with this office action.

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Specification

Arrangement of the Specification

Page 3

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

(a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.

(b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.

(c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.

(d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or

REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)

- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).
- 8. In the specification, "BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION" is missing.

 Applicant is hereby required to provide "BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION" in response to this office action. See 37 CFR 1.77(b),

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 9. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Slane, US Patent No. 6438651.
- 10. As to Claim 1, 26, Slane teaches a system which including 'storing in memory a queue descriptor including a head pointer pointing to a first element in a queue and a tail pointer pointing to a last element in the queue' [col 3, line 40-42]; 'in response to a command to perform an enqueue or dequeue operation with respect to the queue, fetching from the memory to a cache one of either the head pointer or tail pointer' [col 2, line 23-26, col 3, line 52-61, fig 2], Slane teaches queue operations, more specifically enqueue, dequeue operations to the queue as detailed in fig 2, further Slane also teaches memory element 60 having a data structure that contains head and tail pointers elements 64 and 66 as detailed in fig 2; 'returning to the memory from the cache portions of the queue descriptor modified by the operation' [col 4, line 4-8].

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11. As to Claim 2, 15, Slane disclosed 'fetching the head pointer and not the tail pointer in response to a command to perform a dequeue operation' [col 3, line 52-55, col 4, line 47-49, col 5, line 61-63, fig 3].

- 12. As to Claim 3, 16, Slane disclosed 'fetching the tail pointer and not the head pointer in response to a command to perform an enqueue operation' [col 4, line 47-51, fig 3].
- 13. As to Claim 4, 17, Slane disclosed 'returning to memory the head pointer and not the tail pointer if only dequeue operations were performed on the queue' [col 4, line 51-52, line 56-60, fig 4-6].
- 14. As to Claim 5, 18, Slane disclosed 'returning to memory the tail pointer and not the head pointer if only enqueue operations were performed on the queue while the queue was unempty' [col 5, line 64-67, col 6, line 1-8].
- 15. As to Claim 6, 19, Slane disclosed 'returning to memory the head pointer and tail pointer if an enqueue and a dequeue operation were performed on the queue, or an enqueue operation was performed on the queue while the queue was empty' [col 7, line 3-8].

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16. As to Claim 7, Slane teaches a system which including 'determining whether a head pointer or a tail pointer of a queue descriptor that was fetched from memory to a cache had been modified by an enqueue or a dequeue operation' [fig 2, col 3, line 52-66, col 4, line 37-47], Slane is directed to managing requests to a cache using flags to queue and dequeue data, more specifically optimizing read and write events for queues [see Abstract], further it is noted that Slane also specifically directed to queue operations that including enqueue, dequeue operations with respect to main memory using tail and head pointers [see fig 2]; 'returning a particular pointer to the memory from the cache only if that pointer had been modified' [col 4, line 56-62].

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- 17. As to Claim 8, 20, Slane disclosed 'using valid bits in the cache to track modifications to the pointers' [col 6, line 19-25].
- 18. As to Claim 9, 21, Slane disclosed 'using a first valid bit to track modifications to the head pointer and second valid bit to track modifications to the tail pointer' [col 6, line 26-37].
- 19. As to Claim 10, 22, 29, Slane disclosed 'setting the first valid bit if a dequeue operation is performed with respect to the queue descriptor' [col 6, line 57-64], 'an enqueue operations performed with respect to the queue descriptor while the queue is empty' [col 7, line 3-12].

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20. As to Claim 11, 23, Slane disclosed 'setting the second valid bit if an enqueue operation is performed with respect to the queue descriptor' [col 4, line 65-67, col 5, line 1-8].

- 21. As to Claim 12, 24, Slane disclosed 'setting a pointer's valid bit when the pointer is fetched from the memory to the cache' [col 5, line 55-63].
- 22. As to Claim 13, 25, 30, Slane disclosed 'returning to the memory pointers whose valid bits have been set' [col 5, line 59-63].
- 23. As to Claim 14, Slane teaches a system which including 'memory for storing queue descriptors which include a head pointer pointing to a first element in a queue and a tail pointer pointing to a last element in the queue' [fig 2, col 3, line 40-42, line 52-57]; 'a cache for storing queue descriptors corresponding to up to a number of the memory's queue descriptors' [col 3, line 40-42 line, 58-61], 'a processor configured to: fetch from the memory to the cache one of either the head pointer or the tail pointer of a particular queue descriptor in response to a command to perform an enqueue or a dequeue operation with respect to the particular queue descriptor' [col 2, line 23-26, col 3, line 52-61, fig 2], Slane teaches queue operations, more specifically enqueue, dequeue operations to the queue as detailed in fig 2, further Slane also teaches memory element 60 having a data structure that contains head and tail pointers

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elements 64 and 66 as detailed in fig 2; 'return to the memory from the cache portions of the queue descriptor modified by the operation' [col 4, line 4-8].

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- 24. As to Claim 27, Slane disclosed 'fetch the head pointer and not the tail pointer in response to a command to perform a dequeued operation' [col 3, line 52-55, col 4, line 47-49, col 5, line 61-63, fig 3], 'fetching the tail pointer and not the head pointer in response to a command to perform an enqueue operation' [col 4, line 47-51, fig 3].
- 25. Slane disclosed 'returning to memory the head pointer and not the tail pointer if only dequeue operations were performed on the queue' [col 4, line 51-52, line 56-60, fig 4-6].
- 26. As to Claim 28, Slane disclosed 'the head pointer and not the tail pointer if only dequeue operations are performed on the queue' [col 4, line 51-52, line 56-60, fig 4-6], 'the tail pointer and not the head pointer if only enqueue operations are performed on the queue while the queue was unempty' [col 5, line 64-67, col 6, line 1-8], 'the head pointer and tail pointer if both an enqueue and a dequeue are performed on the queue, or an enqueue operation was performed on the queue while the queue was empty' [col 7, line 3-8].

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Response to Arguments

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27. Applicant's arguments filed 8/12/2004 with respect to claims 1-30 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive, for examiner's response, see discussion below:

a) At page 11, claims 1-6 applicant argues that Slane neither describes nor suggests at least "fetching from the memory to a cache one of either the head pointer or tail pointer"

As to the argument [a], Slane is directed to managing requests to a cache using flags to queue and dequeue data in a buffer, more specifically managing read and write requests to cache to process enqueue and dequeue operations [se Abstract], Slane also discussed circular buffer operates based on first in first out or FIFO arrangement especially utilizing tail and head pointers to manage data entry [see col 1, line 38-58], further it is noted that Slane specifically teaches data blocks are fetched from the memory that including the specific request data block to access.

Slane also teaches main memory including circular buffer data structure having head and tail pointers as detailed in fig 2, examiner interpreting head and tail pointers corresponds to fig 2, element 64, and 66 respectively. Therefore, Slane teaches fetching data from the memory to the cache one of either the head pointer or tail pointer because the main memory data structure including circular buffer data structure having head and tail pointers [see col 3, line 40-44, line 52-61, fig 2].

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Examiner applies above arguments to claim 26.

b) At page 11, claims 7-13, applicant argues that since Slane neither discloses nor suggests at least "determining whether a head pointer or a tail pointer of a queue descriptor that was fetched from memory to a cache had been modified"

As to the above argument [b], Slane is directed to managing requests to a cache using flags to queue and dequeue data, more specifically optimizing read and write events for queues [see Abstract], further it is noted that Slane also specifically directed to queue operations that including enqueue, dequeue operations with respect to main memory using tail and head pointers [see fig 2]. As best understood by the examiner, Slane specifically suggests head and tail pointers are provided with specific addresses for determine data entry in the data blocks, and when entries are in the enqueued or added to the circular buffer, the data is then written to cache as detailed in col 4, line 41-47, Slane also further suggests that because the data structure is a circular buffer, dequeue requests will be for data at the head and enqueue requests will be for a data block following the most recently added data block to the circular buffer that corresponds to circular buffer is modified as detailed in col 4, line 47-51.

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c) At page 11, claims 14-25, applicant argues that since Slane neither discloses nor suggests at least "an article comprising a computer –readable medium that stores computer.......fetch from memory to a cache one of either a head pointer.....

As to the above argument, examiner applies above discussed arguments, further it is noted that Slane specifically disclosed computing environment that includes a queue which may comprise a processor unit, CPU, hardware etc., as detailed in col 3, line 29-36, fig 2].

d) At page 11, line 22-24, applicant argues that nowhere in the cited portions of Slane, or anywhere in Slane, are either elements 64 or 66 fetched from a memory to a cache.

As to the above argument [d], Slane teaches data structure, more specifically main memory includes circular buffer data structure having head and tail pointers as detailed in fig 2, col 3, line 40-42.

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Conclusion

The prior art made of record

a. US Patent No. 6438651

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure

b.	US Patent No.	5268900
υ.	US FAICHLING.	32009UU

h. EP0418447

i. Eric A Brewer et al., "Remote queue: exposing

message queues for optimization and atomicity, appears in SPAA '95 Santa Barbara,

CA pp 1-13

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28. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Srirama Channavajjala whose telephone number is 571-

272-4108. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 AM to

5:30 PM Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Dov Popvici, can be reached on 571-272-.4083. The fax phone numbers for

the organization where the application or proceeding is assigned is 703/872-9306

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SC

Patent Examiner.

du

November 12, 2004.

SRIPANA CHUNDUMAA PRIMARY EXAMBIER